

Ceramics to produce wines with differentiated characteristics - GOVALMAVIN





GOVALMAVIN Project

- Project: Valorization of traditional materials for the vinification of quality wines
- Founded by: Ministerio de Agricultura, Pesca y Alimentación
- Call: Convocatoria de ayuda a proyectos innovadores de Grupos Operativos (2017), en el marco del Programa Nacional de Desarrollo Rural 2014-2020 (PNDR)
- Grant Agreement: 20180020012104
- Country: Spain
- Budget: 540.000 €
- Starting: 1st August 2018
- Ending: 15th July 2020







GOVALMAVIN Project

- Main objectives:
 - Development and evaluation of new Spanish wines through alternative winemaking and aging methods, using traditional and newly designed technological ceramic jars.
 - > To optimize the physical and mechanical properties of the jars.
 - To produce high quality wines fermented and/or aged in the jars of the main Spanish types of grapes: Tempranillo, Garnacha, Monastrell and Macabeo (Viura).
 - To promote Spanish wines produced and/or aged in ceramic jars to national and international markets.
- Consortium

Coordination: PTV

Miembros Solicitantes





GOVALMAVIN Project. ITC's tasks

> Technical characterization of:

- ✓ Antique ceramic jars
- ✓ Current ceramic jars

Analysis of the production issues of current ceramic jars and propose solutions:

- ✓ New compositions
- ✓ Improved performance during manufacturing processes
- ✓ Tailored properties of current ceramic jars
- ✓ Different manufacturing techniques to increase the size of ceramic jars

Advise and guide the consortium towards the production of new technologic ceramic jars





Technical characterization of antique ceramic jars

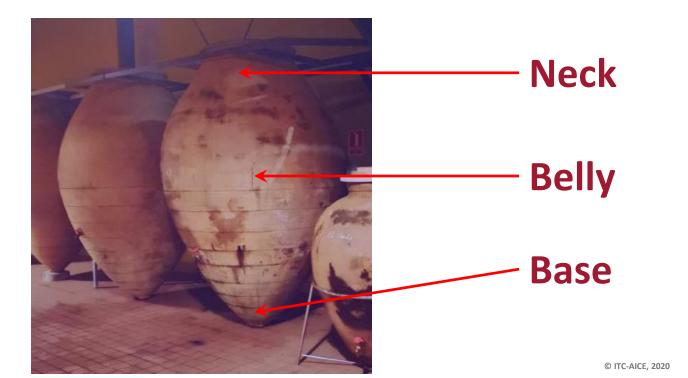






Technical characterization of antique ceramic jars

Sample	Neck	Base	Belly
Water absorption (%)	15,0	10,3	12,2-13,6
Bulk density (g/cm ³)	1,82	1,80	1,89-1,94
Open porosity (%)	27,4	18,5	23,0-25,9





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Ceramic characterization of antique clay jars

Optical microscope observation

Clear field







Technical characterization of current ceramic jars

- > Made by Alfatec by traditional and mechanical methods
- ➢ Lower volume (120-130 I)
- Use of local clays from South Spain
- > 2 types of compositions: white and red
- ➢ Problems:
 - \checkmark Reduced dimensional stability
 - \checkmark Deformation of neck and opening
 - ✓ Low productivity





alfatec



Technical characterization of current ceramic jars

Sample	Red			20	
	Neck	Belly	Base	white	White
Water absorption (%)	1,9	3,6	1,5	7,6	14White ↓ 12White
Bulk density (g/cm ³)	2,29	2,25	2,27	2,16	
Open porosity (%)	4,3	8,0	3,4	16,4	o up o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o
Air permeability K _p (m ²) ·10 ⁻¹⁷	0,01	$\downarrow \downarrow$	0,04	2,5	
d ₅₀ (μm)	0,10	0,11	0,12	0,57	0,1 D _{pore} (μm)



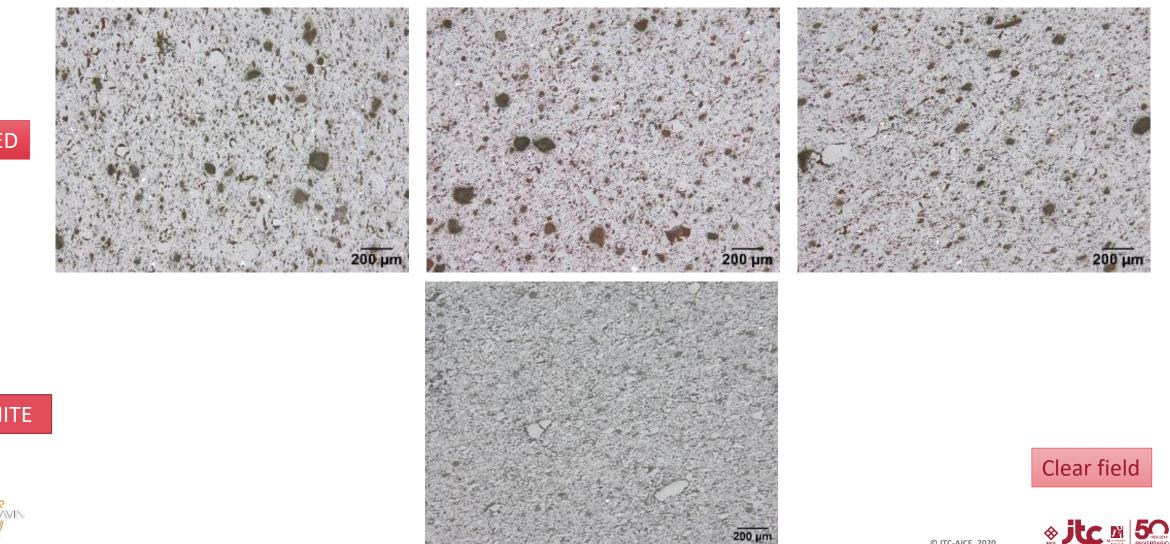
Technical characterization of current ceramic jars

Optical microscope observation

Neck

Belly

Base



RED

WHITE

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Conclussions

Technical characterization of ceramic jars:

ANTIQUE CERAMIC JARS	CURRENT CERAMIC JARS			
Heterogenous properties between different areas of the jar				
Heterogenous properties between different jars				
High open porosity: it is necessary to seal them to avoid sweating	Lower open porosity: in red jars, it is not necessary to seal them			
	Reduced pore size			
Heterogenous microstructure	Small differences in open porosity and pore size provoke big differences in behaviour			







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